



中华环保联合会
All-China Environment Federation

Add: 6th Floor Huabiao Building, East Qingniangou Street □ Chaoyang
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Established on April 22, 2005, **All-China Environment Federation (ACEF)** is a nationwide non-profitable civil society organization in the field of environment. It is composed of businesses, public institutions and individuals who are enthusiastic about and support environmental protection. **The objective** of ACEF is to serve as a bridge between the government and the public in implementing the sustainable development strategy, achieving national objectives on environment and development, and protecting the environmental rights and interests of the public. **The main tasks** of ACEF are to organize and utilize the resources from all social forces to jointly participate in environmental protection, intensify environmental supervision, and safeguard environmental rights and interests of the public. It also participates in international non-governmental exchanges and cooperation related to environment. ACEF was granted **UN ECOSOC Special Consultative Status and UNEP Consultative Status** in 2009, and obtained **observer status to the *United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)*** in 2017.



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**NGO Report of All-China Environment Federation Submitted to the United Nations
Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights for Universal Periodic Review**

June 2023

1. All-China Environment Federation (ACEF) is a nationwide non-governmental organization in the field of environment. We follow closely the fourth round of the Universal Periodic Review on China by the United Nations Human Rights Council.
2. We have noted that since 2018, the Chinese government has strengthened its systematic approach to pollution control, ecological protection and climate change, and has made important progress in environmental protection. We believe that effective control of environmental pollution and responding to climate change are important parts of promoting ecological and environmental protection.
3. In 2021, together with environmental CSOs home and abroad, we launched an initiative called Consensus on Action for Mainstreaming Biodiversity by Environmental CSOs, and actively promoted biodiversity conservation among the public. We are glad to see that the Chinese government has made great efforts to protect biodiversity. China's newly revised *Law on the Protection of Wildlife*, which came into effect in 2023, has clarified the policies, objectives and measures for biodiversity conservation, and underlined the protection of ecosystems and species diversity, the maintaining of biodiversity and ecological balance, and the promotion of ecological progress.
4. We have been paying attention to the issue of reducing food waste since 2016, and have worked with different stakeholders home and abroad to enhance public awareness and call for joint actions to reduce food waste at consumer end. We are glad to see that the Chinese government has adopted the *Anti-Food Waste Law of the People's Republic of China* in 2021 to prevent waste of food, reduce environmental pollution and ensure national food security.



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5. Chinese CSOs have been combating plastic pollution in recent years by taking various actions, such as popularizing sustainable consumption and recycling, and promoting plastic reduction, reuse and recycling. We have noted that the Chinese government has also stepped up efforts to tackle plastic pollution by joining the Global Plastics Action Plan initiated by the United Nations Environment Programme and working with other countries to advance plastic pollution control.
6. We have realized that CSOs play important roles in participating in and promoting environmental governance, and that there are still some challenges. We suggest that there should be more established mechanism of dialogue between the government and CSOs, and that environmental governance system be further improved, so that more environment-focused CSOs can strengthen dialogues and communication with the government. We also suggest that more financial and resource support be provided to environmental CSOs to give full play to their roles of coordination and supervision in ecological and environmental protection.
7. We suggest that the Chinese government strengthen cooperation with other countries to address climate change. This includes increasing the exchange of technology and knowledge, and supporting developing countries in tackling climate change.